



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The most highly refined and healthful of baking powders. Its constant use in almost every American household, its sales all over the world, attest its wonderful popularity and usefulness.

TELEGRAM IS SENT TO VIENNA

From Constantinople Regarding Mutineers Demand on the Government

Vienna, April 13.—The following telegram has been received here from Constantinople:

The cabinet has been sitting since early in the morning. The committee of union and progress also had a long convocation. The mutineers have made the following demands on the government:

"Protection of the Mohammedan faith; dissolution of the committee of union and progress; dismissal of the grand vizier; the minister of war, the minister of marine and the president of the chamber and immunity from punishment for the mutineers."

"They reproach their officers with preventing them from offering up the prescribed prayers and with attempting to abolish altogether prayers for the sultan. Up to the present negotiations with the mutineers have been without result. Artillery will, however, be employed against them only as a last resort."

All attempts on the part of the revolutionists to win over the troops remaining in the war ministry have been prevented by cavalry. A serious conflict ensued in which six persons were killed."

Although the mutineers surrounded the chamber they allowed the deputies to enter. Those who availed themselves of this permission appealed to the other deputies to come to the house and consider the mutineers' demands."

"It is doubtful whether the rising is a spontaneous act of the soldiers and it is considered more probable that the liberal union or Mohammedan union is behind it. A greater part of the garrison seems to have taken part in the movement, including the Salonika battalions. Apparently the minister of war has only a few battalions and batteries at his disposal."

MINING NEWS

PIOCHE FORGING WAY TO THE FRONT

Mines Southwest of City are Increasing Their Forces of Men

Reports from the old camp of Pioche, which was once one of the great camps of Nevada, are that the properties there are coming to the front stronger than ever before and the activity this summer will be something that will surpass anything ever seen there. Every train, it is declared, is taking new

INTERESTING FACTS

The T. H. Carr Drug Co. Offer to Cure Catarrh. The Medicine Costs Nothing If They Fail.

When a medicine effects a cure in 98 per cent of cases, and when we offer that medicine on our own personal guarantee that it will cost the user nothing if it does not cure Catarrh, it is only reasonable that people should believe us, or at least put our claim to a practical test when we take all the risk. These are facts which we want the people of Ogden to substantiate. We want them to try Rexall Muc-Tone, a medicine prepared from a prescription of a physician whose specialty was Catarrh, and who has a record of thirty years of cures to his credit.

We sell more bottles and receive more good reports about Rexall Muc-Tone than we do of all other catarrh remedies sold in our store, and if more people only knew what a thoroughly dependable remedy Rexall Muc-Tone is, it would be the only catarrh medicine we would have any demand for.

Rexall Muc-Tone is quickly absorbed and carried by the blood, until it thoroughly disinfests and cleanses the entire mucous membranous tract, destroy sand removes the parasites which injure and destroy the membranous tissues, soothes and heals the irritation and soreness, stops the mucous discharge, and builds up strong, healthy tissue, relieves the blood and system of diseased matter, stimulates the mucous cells, aids digestion and improves nutrition until the whole body vibrates with healthy activity. In a comparatively short time there is a noticeable gain in weight, strength, good color and feeling of buoyancy.

We urge you to try Muc-Tone, beginning a treatment today. At any time you are not satisfied, simply come and tell us, and we will quickly return your money without question or quibble. We have Rexall Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. The T. H. Carr Drug Co., Cor. 25th and Grant

people into the camp. Conditions are fast improving in such a manner that the residents are confident that their time has come to get it a boost.

Relative to activities, the Pioche Record has the following to say of the latest properties to begin work:

More than 100 men are now employed within a radius of a mile of the Pioche King and Golden Prince, and indications are that this number will be greatly increased long before the year is brought to a close.

The Prince consolidated company is working nearly 50 men; the Golden Prince, Gold & Silver Prince and Pioche King making up the balance.

Some big operations have been started on that side of the camp and probably the best news of the week is the announcement that the Gold & Silver Prince has located its permanent working shaft and has the excavations for the splendid equipment, shortly to be installed, at that property, well nigh completed.

By Dean S. Low, one of the principal shareholders in the Golden Prince and Gold & Silver Prince, and who is a son of M. A. Low, the Topeka, Kan., millionaire and a leading factor in the exploitation of the last two named mines, the Record has been told that a 25 horsepower Alamo gasoline hoist is to be set up at the Gold & Silver Prince. Also that it is the intention to carry on a very vigorous campaign there this season. Thomas Varden, formerly connected with the official staff of the Ohio Copper company at Bingham, Utah, has been employed as foreman and already has the work well in hand.

Some very substantial improvements are to be made at both the Golden Prince and Gold & Silver Prince, Dean S. Low contemplates the erection of a handsome residence.

Among other improvements in connection with the mines with which Mr. Low is associated will be an electric lighting plant, a refrigerating plant, boarding house and an assay office.

Cottages are to be built by other officials of these mines; one by W. M. Thompson, another by George Cox.

In fact, it is reasonably certain now that a new town will be established over on that side of the district with every indication that it will be numbered among the live mining towns of the state.

The exact location for the new municipality has not been definitely determined; neither has the name been selected. But a new town will be built and it will create new interest and contribute to the general prosperity of this region. It has been suggested that the place be called "Princeton."

Development work on the Colfax property in the Highland district is progressing and Manager Ed F. Freudenthal says, with most excellent results. The sensational silver values found at the grass roots in the Colfax ledge, Mr. Freudenthal declares, are holding their own as depth is attained.

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THE UTAH COPPER COMPANY

The Ore Deposits.

This company owns about 200 acres of ground in the heart of Bingham besides 1,000 acres near the mouth of Stinson canyon and 2,400 acres at Garfield. The ore bodies of the property in central Bingham consist of an altered siliceous porphyry containing small grains of copper minerals, very uniformly disseminated throughout the mass, both in fracture seams and in the body of the rock. The ore averages about 2 per cent copper, 0.15 of an ounce silver, and 0.015 of an ounce of gold. The primary copper mineral is chalcocite, but as a result of secondary enrichment from above, practically all of the copper sulphide minerals are now present, the principal one being chalcocite.

The developed area covers 72 acres of ground, and although the thickness of the ore body has not been fully determined, yet existing developments show an average depth of at least 310 feet. This area and depth of ore figures up to the equivalent of 1,000,000 tons of ore per acre. Below the depth included in the above estimate is a zone of lower grade ore averaging about 15 percent copper and containing about 40,000,000 tons of ore as indicated mainly by diamond drill holes.

Besides these 72 acres now developed or partially developed, there are 88 additional acres of mineralized porphyry in the company's property that is undeveloped, although a portion of this area is known to contain ore of profitable grades.

Open cut work with steam shovels is employed in the extraction of 80 per cent of the tonnage of 6,000 to 7,000 tons of ore per day, the remaining 20 per cent being taken out by the underground caving system. The caving system, although costing slightly less than 60 cents a ton of ore produced, is being abandoned wherever possible in favor of steam shovel work. In great part the benches of ore need but little shattering by blasting, as much of the ore is already loose enough for direct shovel work.

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ONE HUNDRED FAMILIES HOMELESS IN TORRENTIAL RAIN IN ROCHESTER

Fierce Gale Sweeps Fire Over City, Aid Summoned From Buffalo and Syracuse—

Damage Estimated at Half Million—Militiamen Guard Few Household Effects Saved From Ruins—Many Quartered in Precinct Houses and School Buildings—Heavy Downpour Helps Extinguish Blaze

Rochester, April 13.—Swept along by a 25-mile gale, fire today destroyed several sections of the city and did damage estimated at half a million dollars. For a time it was thought that a great portion of the city would be burned and all was summoned from Buffalo and Syracuse. Tonight 100 families are homeless and militia-men guard what little the people saved of their household effects.

Some of the homeless are quartered in precinct houses and a large number passed the night in a public school building. A heavy rain set in tonight and while it helped extinguish the blaze, it was a hardship on the homeless.

The Palmer building, a four-story structure, devoted to manufacturing interests at Main and Gibbs streets, was the starting point of the blaze, which spread over a wide area, and started a second series of fires.

The loss includes \$60,000 on the Palmer building; \$100,000 on Huntington & Co., manufacturers of plumbers' supplies; \$90,000 on the Jewish temple, B'rith Kodesh, which is in ruins.

Fifty residences, the First Reformed church of America, the Ward Apartments and First German Lutheran Zion church, were destroyed. St. Peter's Presbyterian church was damaged.

It was erroneously reported that one girl was missing and that one fireman had been killed. Several firemen were injured by falling walls or overcome by smoke.

By the time the fire hose had been laid, the flames had jumped across the street to the roof of St. Peter's Presbyterian church. At the same time, fire appeared in the belfry of the B'rith Kodesh temple, on the opposite corner.

During the efforts to save the Palmer building, the fire ate down through B'rith Kodesh temple until, after some time, and when the firemen turned their attention to the flames beyond control.

The walls of the Palmer building soon began to fall. Several firemen were struck by the falling bricks and a horse cart was buried beneath the ruins. Many girls employed in the

must close promptly at 12 o'clock, and the loafers and vags and everybody in the places ejected.

The enforcement of the new ordinance brought down the saloon men and also to the riffraff that hangs about such places all night long. By 1:30 this morning the streets were practically deserted and where the loungers went to is a mystery. The saloon men have no particular objection to the ordinance except the clause compelling them to shut their doors at 12 o'clock.

Some of the saloon men have an idea they can avoid abiding by the law in the matter of free lunches. A State street saloon keeper said he would sell the lunches and give away the beer, while others think they can circumvent the new law in other ways. It has been suggested that a tray of sandwiches might be kept under the bar and given to the customers without violating the law.

For about an hour after the saloons closed last night groups of men, hangers-on and vags could be seen in front of their favorite resorts discussing the new law and "cussing" the council and the police. They did not know where to go and thought it an outrage. They apparently found places, however, as few were to be seen after 1:30.

Cheap rooming houses, the Volunteers and Salvation Army barracks found many of them, while others loafed in vacant buildings and in alleys.

With reference to the new ordinance and his purpose as to enforcing it, Chief Barlow said:

"As long as I am at the head of the police department I will enforce the ordinance to the letter. Some saloon proprietors may fool us for a little while, but eventually they will be fooled to a greater degree. We expect that there are many who will try to beat us in various ways which might appear reasonable to themselves, yet not to us. We do not expect to be beaten at our game, and if they do not conduct themselves within the limits of the ordinance we will recommend that the city council revoke their license. It will not be as if they could bring the matter up in court and win out through a technicality. The matter will be put up to the council."

"The ordinance prohibits free lunches and this will be enforced. Cold meats and bread, or any manner of lunch, will be prohibited, but as far as olives and potato chips are concerned, I do not look upon these things as being within the meaning of the ordinance, and the practice may continue, as far as I am concerned."

"As to the matter of arranging booths and making an unobstructed way from the street through the saloon after closing hours, following the requirements of the ordinance, no hardship will be practised upon saloon men."

"They will be warned and given ample time to comply with the ordinance. Very many saloons can remain as they now are. It will be necessary for others to remove opaque glass or partitions, that a clear view may be had through the establishment during closed hours. A blind may be used during hours of business."

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

Jesse F. Turner Wants Thirty Clubs in Utah.

Salt Lake, April 13.—Jesse F. Turner, assistant national organizer of Republican clubs, is in Salt Lake, and during his visit it is intended to organize 25 to 30 clubs throughout Utah, to be affiliated with the Utah Republican league.

The latter organization was effected last year by John Hays Hammond.

National Organizer and Secretary Snell Smith will follow Mr. Turner, in the interests of the league, and its affiliations, and it is expected that at that time a date will be set for a meeting of western leagues at Seattle during September. The officers of the Utah league are as follows:

Hiram E. Booth, president; Carl A. Badger, first vice-president; Mrs. Margaret Zane Wither, second vice-president; William H. Folland, secretary, and John A. Grosebeck, treasurer. The executive committee consists of Hiram E. Booth, William H. Folland, Edward H. Callister, Mrs. Dennis C. Eichnor and LeRoy Armstrong.

EPISCOPALIAN REPORTS.

Salt Lake, April 13.—The annual meeting of St. Mark's and St. Paul's parishes were held last evening. The reports showed both to be in good condition, and the choice of officers resulted as follows:

At St. Mark's church the three vestrymen, whose terms had expired were re-elected. They were as follows:

building left by the fire-escapes.

The residents were in a great panic during the blaze. Apparently there was but one thought—the city was doomed. Women threw from the windows of houses not yet burning, all sorts of furniture and personal belongings. Considerable property thus was needlessly destroyed.

From the Palmer building fire the sparks carried a mile and set the First Reformed church ablaze. Little attention was paid to the new fire at first but soon alarms sounded from half a dozen boxes in the vicinity.

Chatham, Nassau and Kelly streets are in the Jewish district. This was the last day of the feast of the Passover, and many of the Polish Jews, seeing the pall of smoke and the fire falling on all sides, interpreted the situation as the sign of the coming of the Messiah.

Men, women and children knelt in the streets to pray. Their shouts were terrifying. Still others seized armfuls of articles from the houses and carried them into the streets, only to have the goods consumed by the fire.

DEATH OF MRS. SWENSON.

Mother of Young Salt Lake Actor Is Called Home.

Salt Lake, April 13.—Mrs. Johanna O. Swenson, for many years a resident of the Twentieth ward, but lately of Forest Dale, died yesterday at the latter place. She was the mother of Theo. Toblason, of Forest Dale; A. J. Swenson, of this city, and Alfred G. Swenson, the latter being now in the east playing in "The Wolf."

Mrs. Swenson was born in Sweden, May 26, 1840. Her husband, Andrew Swenson, died six years ago. Predominating traits of character of Mrs. Swenson were benevolence and sympathy, and many will remember her untiring and unselfish labors among the sick, the distressed and the poor. She was an ardent worker in the Relief society. The funeral will be held from the Forest Dale meeting house tomorrow, commencing at 12 noon. Friends are invited to attend.

SEEK TO BUILD NEW HOME.

Orphans' Day Nursery Association Proposes to Erect \$10,000 Structure.

Salt Lake, April 13.—The directors of the Orphans' Home and Day Nursery association, at yesterday afternoon's meeting, decided it is necessary to have a new home in a better location. The present building is without city water or sewerage. A structure to cost \$10,000 is desired. Mrs. Ferdinand Dickert, chairman of the Endowment fund committee, showed the association has \$3,827 in the Desert Savings bank, \$1,000 on approved loans and \$838 with the Utah Savings and Trust company, making \$5,665 toward the \$10,000 goal set for next October.

PURSE FOR UNFORTUNATE.

Salt Lake, April 13.—Marle McGuire, the young woman serving a sentence of 90 days for vagrancy, and to whom a male child was born about 29 days ago, at St. Mark's hospital, received this morning from her girl friends at Scofield a purse of \$25. The young woman persistently refuses to divulge her real name or tell where her parents reside. A brother has been located, however, and some arrangements are being made to have the unfortunate young woman properly cared for. Her friends at Scofield have been working in her behalf and got up the purse which she received this morning.

WOMAN LOSES D'AMOND ON PULLMAN SLEEPER

Stone Is Valued at \$350, and Was One of a \$5,000 Collection.

Salt Lake, April 14.—Carrying about \$5,000 worth of diamonds concealed in a pocket handkerchief, Mrs. Frank Shannon, wife of a prominent Oakland real estate man, appeared at the police headquarters this morning and reported that she had been robbed of a diamond earring valued at \$350. The theft occurred in a Pullman sleeper while she was crossing Nevada over the Southern Pacific railroad Monday morning.

Mrs. Shannon stated to the police that she had left her jewels on a shelf in her dressing room while she prepared her toilet. She had been gone only a minute or two, and when she returned found one of her diamond earrings was missing. A thorough search of the Pullman was immediately instituted, but no trace of the missing stone could be found.

Mrs. Shannon suspected a negro porter of the theft and upon the arrival of the train in Salt Lake Tuesday morning he was placed under arrest by Patrolman Curran and taken to the station. He told a straight story, however, and not having sufficient evidence against him, the police were compelled to release him. Mrs. Shannon, on the other hand, declares that she is positive that it was he who stole her diamond.

Upon being asked if she could give a description of the stone, Mrs. Shannon opened her handbag and took from it a handkerchief containing about \$5,000 worth of diamonds. She then showed the mate to the stolen gem. She said that her husband, who is a race horse man, bought them for her after a period of good luck at Oakland last summer. The police are looking for the guilty party, but as there is virtually no clue, the task of capturing him will be no easy one.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES IN FEARFUL SHAPE

At Two of the Six Inspected, the Conditions Are Sickening.

Salt Lake, April 14.—That Salt Lake City stands in sore need of government inspection of its meat, is the verdict of the investigating committee appointed by President Davis of the city council Monday night to visit the slaughter houses in and about the city, Tuesday. The inspection will give a big impetus to the movement to adopt government meat inspection. It was freely asserted by members of the party, upon their return from the trip Tuesday evening.

A Simple Prescription For the Hair.

In the good old days our mothers used to tell us to use garden sage for dandruff and falling hair. A simple infusion was made of the common garden sage and applied to the roots of the hair. This old time remedy is still unspeakably good for the scalp and to this day it has also been discovered that the Indians of the northwest used to make a brew (or tea) of the wild sage (sage brush) and apply it for all scalp affections. White people also used this sage brush wash with good results. A careful study has been made of the different kinds of sage and it has been found that the wild sage or sage brush contains much more of this certain curative property than does the tame sage. The reason for this is apparent. The wild sage growing as it does in a soil rich in sulphur and volcanic ash naturally contains much more medicinal matter.

One of the main objections to the use of these crude preparations, especially so of the wild sage, was the disagreeable odor of the brush. This objection has been overcome after three years of careful experimenting in a laboratory especially fitted for the purpose so that you can now procure a preparation free from all the disagreeable odors but still containing all the active principles of the wild sage. This preparation is guaranteed to cure dandruff and stop falling hair, and will do so if directions are carefully followed.

Ask for Sage Brush Hair Tonic. For sale at all the leading Drug Stores and Barber Shops in this city.

ST. YVES DID NOT WEAR ANY APRON

French Marathon Runner Earned Livelihood as Chauffeur in Paris.

Princeton, N. J., April 14.—Henri St. Yves, together with Adrien Fosset, his French rubber, and Al Copeland, arrived in Princeton this afternoon and were greeted by many of those who had not seen Saturday's race. St. Yves says that he is feeling in tip-top shape after his run. He is staying at the Nassau Inn. Tomorrow he will take a little jaunt at University field, but this week he will not train as strenuously as last week.

Saturday he defeated Matt Maloney in a 20-mile contest at Providence, Copeland said last night that a good many of the stories about the runner were mythical. The jokes about him refusing to give out any tips on his prospects, since he was a waiter and unaccustomed to receiving them, etc., are all consequently out of place, for St. Yves' former occupation before he took to running, was that of a chauffeur, and not a waiter in the Hotel Cecil of London, as generally supposed.

He is also just 21 years of age and carrying only 120 to 125 pounds. After Saturday's run he lost only 4 to 12 pounds. His height is 5 feet 2 inches. His long distance running experience covers a period of but eight months. In the middle of last August he competed in his first contest—a three-mile race—along the roads of a London suburb, and was successful in defeating eleven in the good time of 15:18. Early in January he ran over the same course as the Olympic Marathon in the remarkable time of 2:31:23.

Previously to the Scottish Marathon, on January 1, he did the same distance in 2:44:40, through rain and mud, which goes to show he is good under adverse weather conditions. In this run he pulled in 800 yards ahead of any of the 54 other contestants.

In Paris, on February 14, he smashed the record by passing the 20-mile mark in the time of 1:56:37.5, and in two hours went 20 miles and 322 yards, when his pacer, who was cycling, ran into him and threw him. In the French "Marathon Olympique," through rain, he did the record distance in 2:55 and beat out Bouchard, Thomas Prevot, Missaut, Doyen and other French favorites.

OBJECT TO BOOSTING OF THE STAFF OF LIFE

Chicago, April 14.—Bakers are not taking at all kindly to the game of boosting the staff of life, now being played on the board of trade.

A wholesaler in speaking of the situation, says:

"The wholesale price of bread at four cents a loaf, was fixed by the bakers several years ago when flour was selling at \$3.25 a barrel. There was a good profit in it then, and the standard weight of a loaf of bread was fixed in this city at one pound by ordinance. About one-half the cost of bread comes in the way of the cost of delivery, and the other half is material. Later, there was a movement to take off the legal restrictions as to the size of a loaf, and the nat-

ter is still pending in the state courts. "Wages have increased during the past five years, and have gone to a point where they cut a deep hole in the profit on bread, and now flour is up to from \$5.60 to \$5.75 a barrel, and the profit is all gone, unless the bakers turn out a loaf weighing not more than ten or eleven ounces. Above that, there is no profit at all."

BRAKEMAN IS BLOWN FROM FREIGHT TRAIN AND KILLED

Concordia, Kans., April 13.—Four persons were injured, none, it is believed fatally, in the tornado that struck Aurora, Kansas, yesterday. The Catholic church was among the buildings demolished, and Father Molloy was blown thirty yards, but not seriously hurt. Nelson Marriotte's home was demolished and Mrs. Marriotte and her infant child were seriously hurt. Almost every store and house in town was damaged.



Arbor Day originated in Nebraska, April 22nd, 1872.

In Indiana it's April 22nd and October 21st.

In Utah, April 15th.

In Colorado the third Friday in April.

In many states it's by appointment of the Governor.

The setting out of trees is one of the most important things for the future of our country.

We'll give a pair of overalls to every man on Arbor Day who will agree to set out one or more trees on that date.

Here's a suit at \$15.00 that will not be injured by that commendable work.

TELL EVERYBODY

KUHN'S Modern Clothes SHOP

Washington Avenue at 2365

Have You Seen the New Paint Store?

It will pay you to look over our lines of goods before buying.

The Eccles Paint and Glass Company

323 and 325 24th street.

A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD PAINT.

ALTHO BURGLARIZED THE OTHER NIGHT WE STILL HAVE SOME FINE SPRING SUITS.

The Paine & Hurst DRY GOODS STORE

One Price Headquarters for Spring Suits.

20 PER CENT REDUCTION

Monuments and Headstones

MITCHELL BROS. don't pay commissions to agents but see us. Yard opposite